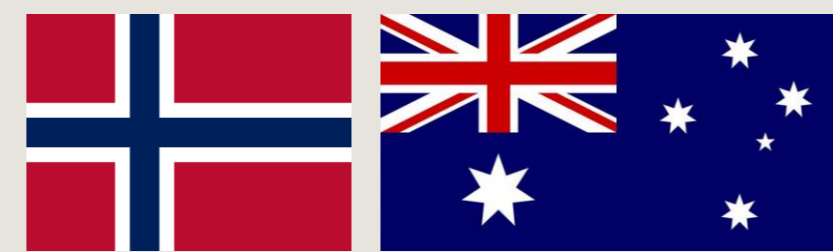




MACQUARIE
University

**AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE
OF HEALTH INNOVATION**



**The Future of Healthcare
to 2030:
Lessons for Norway...and other places**

AUSTRALIAN INSTITUTE OF HEALTH INNOVATION

Our goal is to co-create high-impact health services and systems research that drives positive change in policy, practice and behaviour for the benefit of all.



Australian Institute of Health Innovation



Professor
**Jeffrey
Braithwaite**

Founding Director,
AIHI

Director, Centre for
Healthcare
Resilience and
Implementation
Science



Professor
**Johanna
Westbrook**

Director, Centre for
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and Safety
Research



Professor
**Enrico
Coiera**

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Health Informatics



Professor
**Henry
Cutler**

Director, Macquarie
University Centre
for the Health
Economy

NHMRC Partnership
Centre for Health
System Sustainability

NHMRC Centre of
Research Excellence in
Implementation
Science in Oncology

NHMRC Centre of
Research Excellence in
Digital Health



Agenda

Prologue 1: Are we on track for 2030?

Prologue 2: About your presenter

Getting to 2030


Part 1: Climate change

Part 2: A roadmap to the future

Part 3: Five things for you to do

Part 4: Conclusion: a way forward





Prologue one:
Are we on track for 2030?

Your observations about the world



MOBILE PHONES



INTERNET





Prologue two: About me

Observations about
your presenter ...





My name is Braithwaite

In Norse culture,
breithr 'broad' + *thveit* 'clearing'

It's from Viking times




Born: Newcastle-upon-Tyne, UK citizen

**Norwegian values:
Openness, equality, and
equal rights**

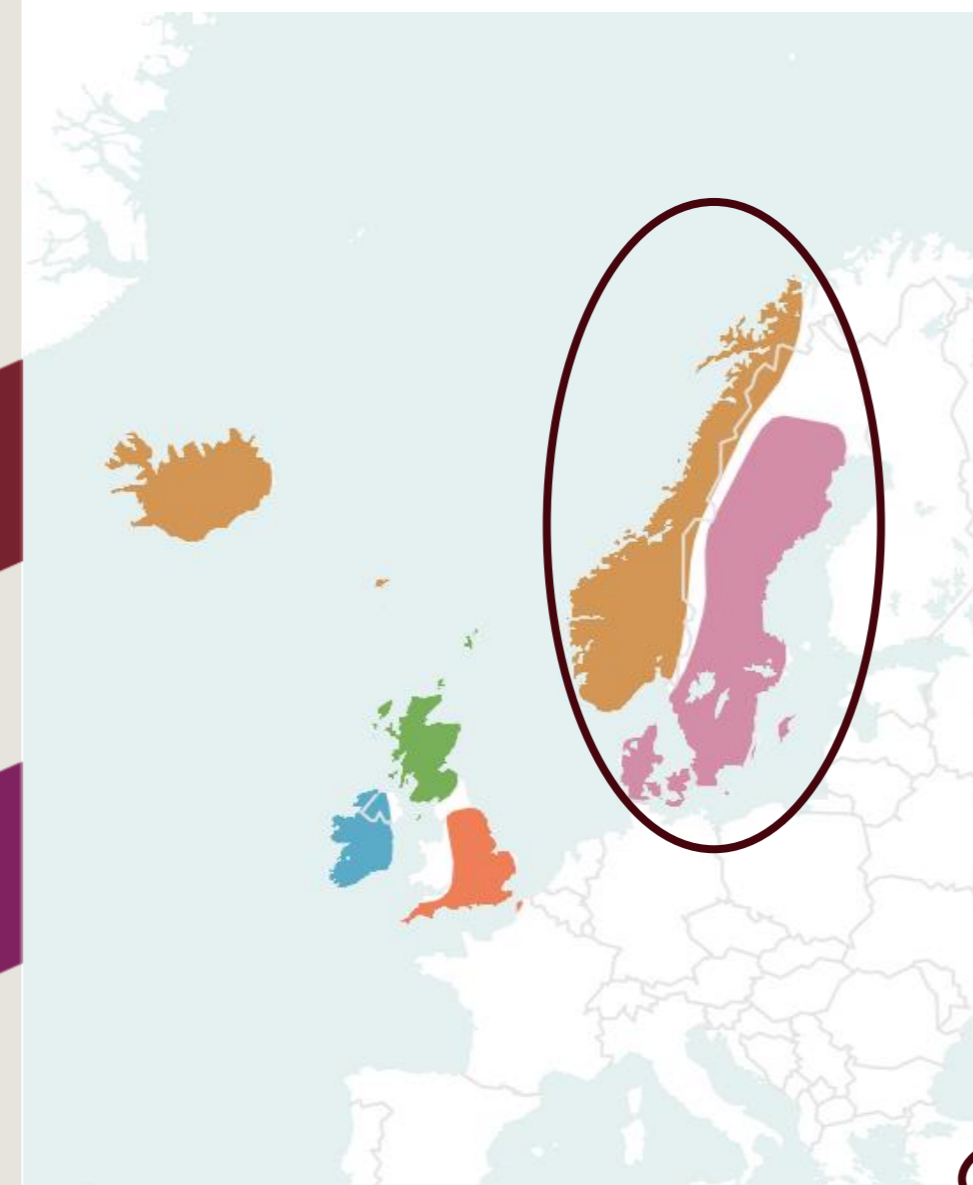
Me ...

**University
appointments:
SHARE, Stavanger
+ University of
Southern Denmark**

**Now: Australian
citizen, too**



Here is my genetic make-up



● Scotland	59%	>
● Ireland	21%	>
● England & Northwestern Europe	14%	>
● Sweden & Denmark	4%	>
● Norway	2%	>



Historically

Genetically

Temperamentally

So ...

Sociologically

**In my
outlook**

**From a values
perspective**

In my DNA

**And in my
heart**

**I am a
Norwegian
Viking**



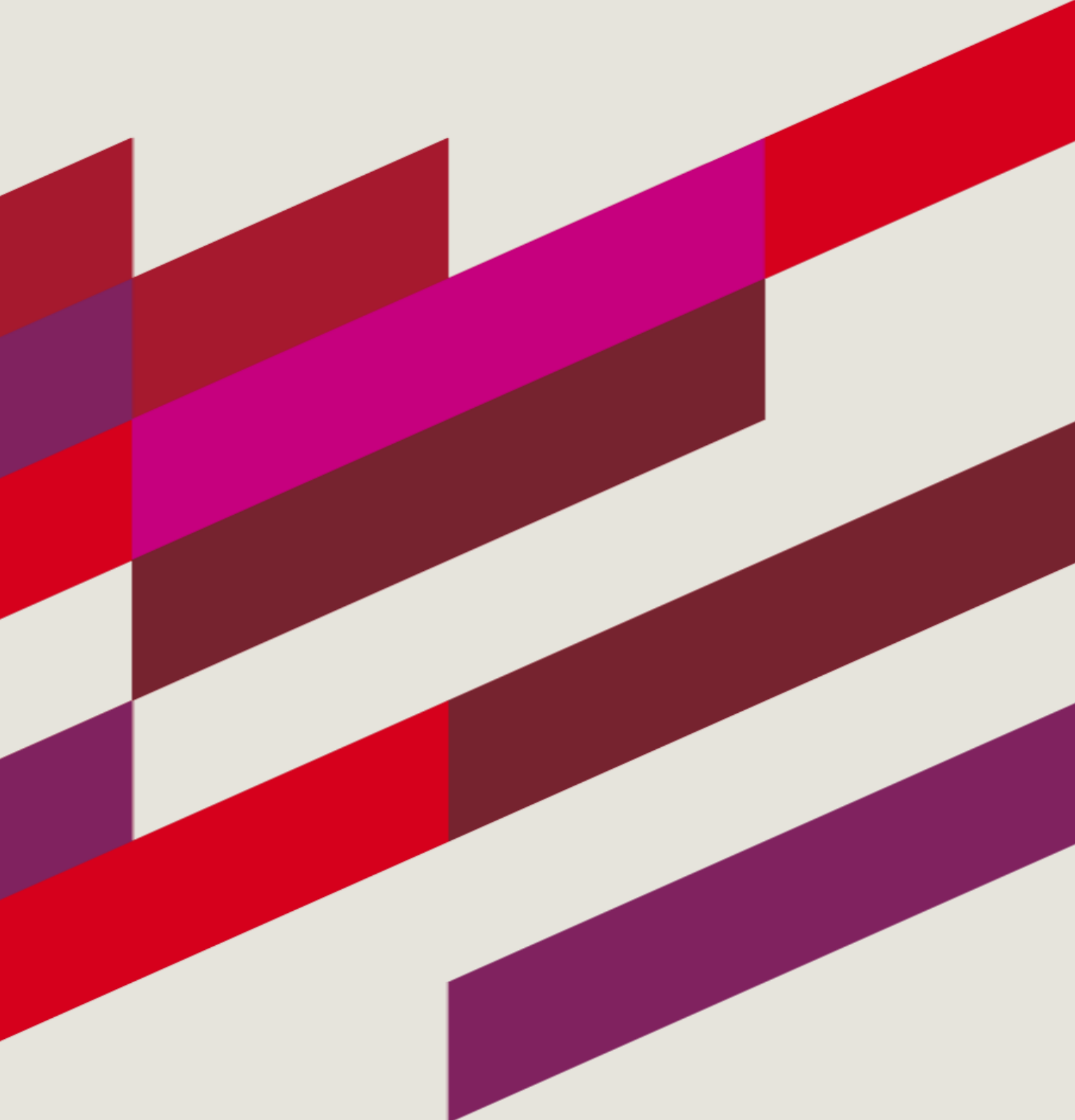


So

Will you welcome me home,
please

My Viking family





Part 1: Dealing with the future:

Climate change





HEALTHCARE'S BI-DIRECTIONAL PROBLEM

Healthcare is a major emitter (4%-8.5% of national carbon burden)

Healthcare is on the front lines to deal with climate change (especially Emergency Departments and Primary Care settings)

Tackling climate change: the pivotal role of clinicians; BMJ

Key sources of emissions:

- energy generated from fossil fuels
- running of services
- healthcare supply chains (i.e. transport, pharmaceuticals, equipment and food)

PRACTICE

Check for updates

ACTIONS FOR SUSTAINABLE HEALTHCARE

Tackling climate change: the pivotal role of clinicians

Jeffrey Braithwaite,¹ Anuradha Pichumani,² Philip Crowley³

What you need to know

- Healthcare systems are major emitters of greenhouse gases, but also have to manage increased demand for care as a consequence of the climate crisis
- Key sources of greenhouse gas emissions include energy generated from fossil fuels, running of services, and healthcare supply chains (transport, pharmaceuticals, equipment, and food)
- Reducing greenhouse gas emissions can be achieved through legislation and policy, effective leadership and management, and above all, promoting sustainable practice in front line care

Sources and selection criteria

We searched Medline for articles, and the internet for publicly available reports of policy actions by healthcare services and institutions seeking to limit their greenhouse gas emissions. We also drew on our own expertise.

Every healthcare professional, manager, policymaker, politician, and patient has a role to play in securing net zero carbon emissions in healthcare, and front line clinicians can make a profound difference. This article offers an overview of the carbon footprint of healthcare, as a preview to the BMJ's Actions for Sustainable Healthcare series, which will highlight practical actions clinicians can take to support reaching the net zero goal. Key terms used in this article are defined in [box 1](#).

Box 1: Definitions of key terms¹⁻⁸

- Adaptation: Adjusting to and coping with present or future climate change
- Carbon dioxide equivalents (CO₂eq): A metric derived from converting different types of greenhouse gases (eg, carbon dioxide, methane, nitrous oxide) to one

Life cycle assessment: A method of estimating the environmental impact generated across the life of a product, process, or service

- Low value care: Clinical treatment or services that provide minimal or no benefit to patients
- Mitigation: Measures to reduce greenhouse gas emissions from the atmosphere
- Net zero: When amounts of greenhouse gases produced and removed from the atmosphere are in balance
- Supply chain: The production flow of products and services to and from a provider—in the case of healthcare, for example, water, consumables, medical equipment, drugs, and food
- Scopes 1, 2, and 3:
 - Scope 1: emissions generated from directly running care services and facilities
 - Scope 2: emissions created through buying and consuming energy
 - Scope 3: emissions caused by the goods, materials and equipment healthcare facilities use and dispose of; including transport and services provided

How large is the carbon footprint of healthcare?

Based on modelling of economic activity and carbon emissions projections, greenhouse gas emissions from healthcare (usually measured as carbon dioxide equivalents, or CO₂eq) account for between 3% and 8.5% of a country's total emissions, depending on the health system, with the average at 4-5%.⁴⁻⁹ On a global scale, this is the same as the total emissions of the African continent (almost 1.5 billion people across 54 countries).^{9,10} Greenhouse gas emissions from healthcare vary depending on the wealth and relative carbon intensity of the country and its

Tackling climate change: the pivotal role of clinicians

Best targeted reductions via:

- legislation and policy
- effective leadership and management
- promoting sustainable practice on the front lines of care
- address the supply chains

PRACTICE

Check for updates

ACTIONS FOR SUSTAINABLE HEALTHCARE

Tackling climate change: the pivotal role of clinicians

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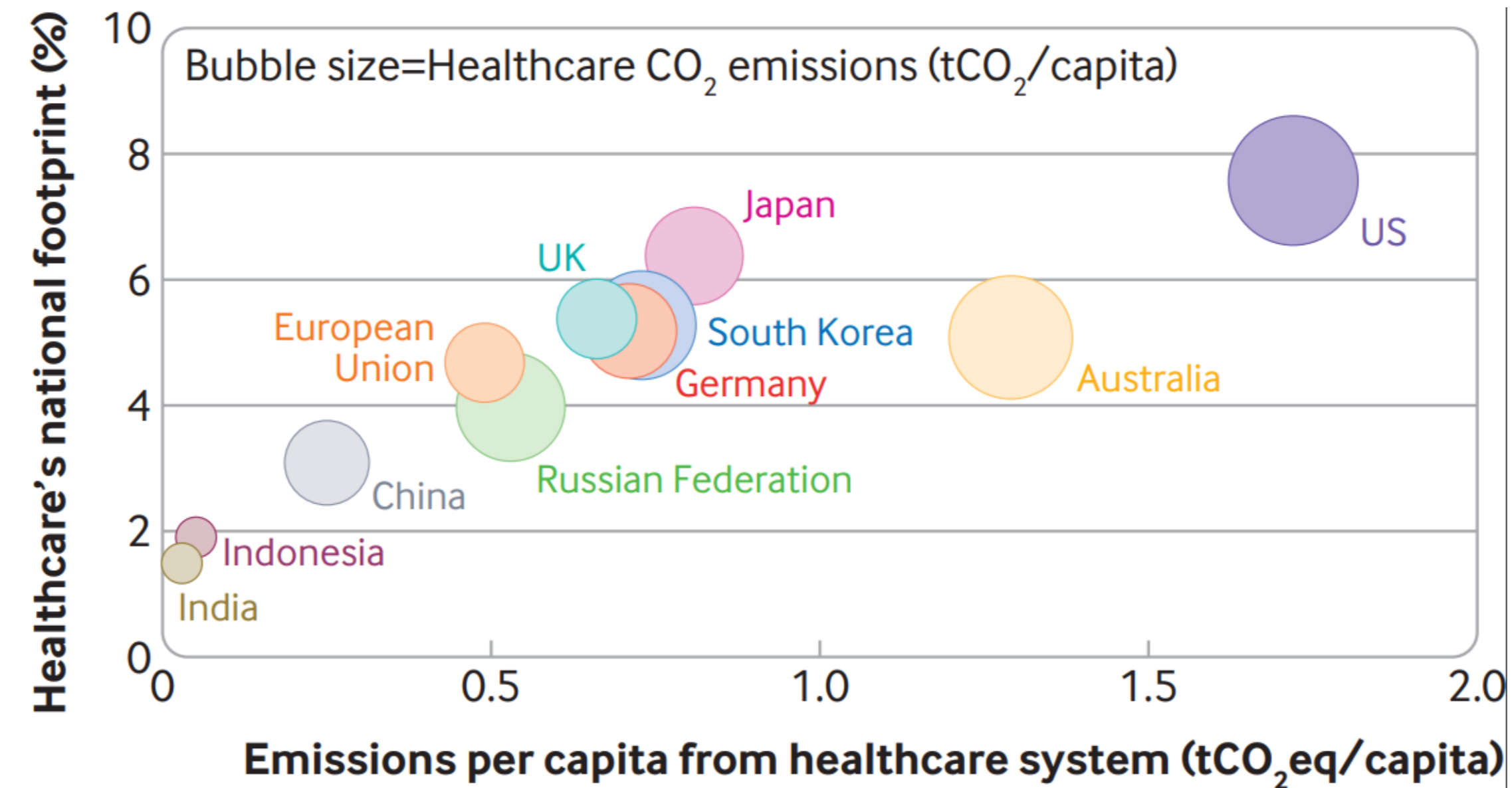
Box 1: Definitions of key terms¹⁻⁸

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How large is the carbon footprint of healthcare?

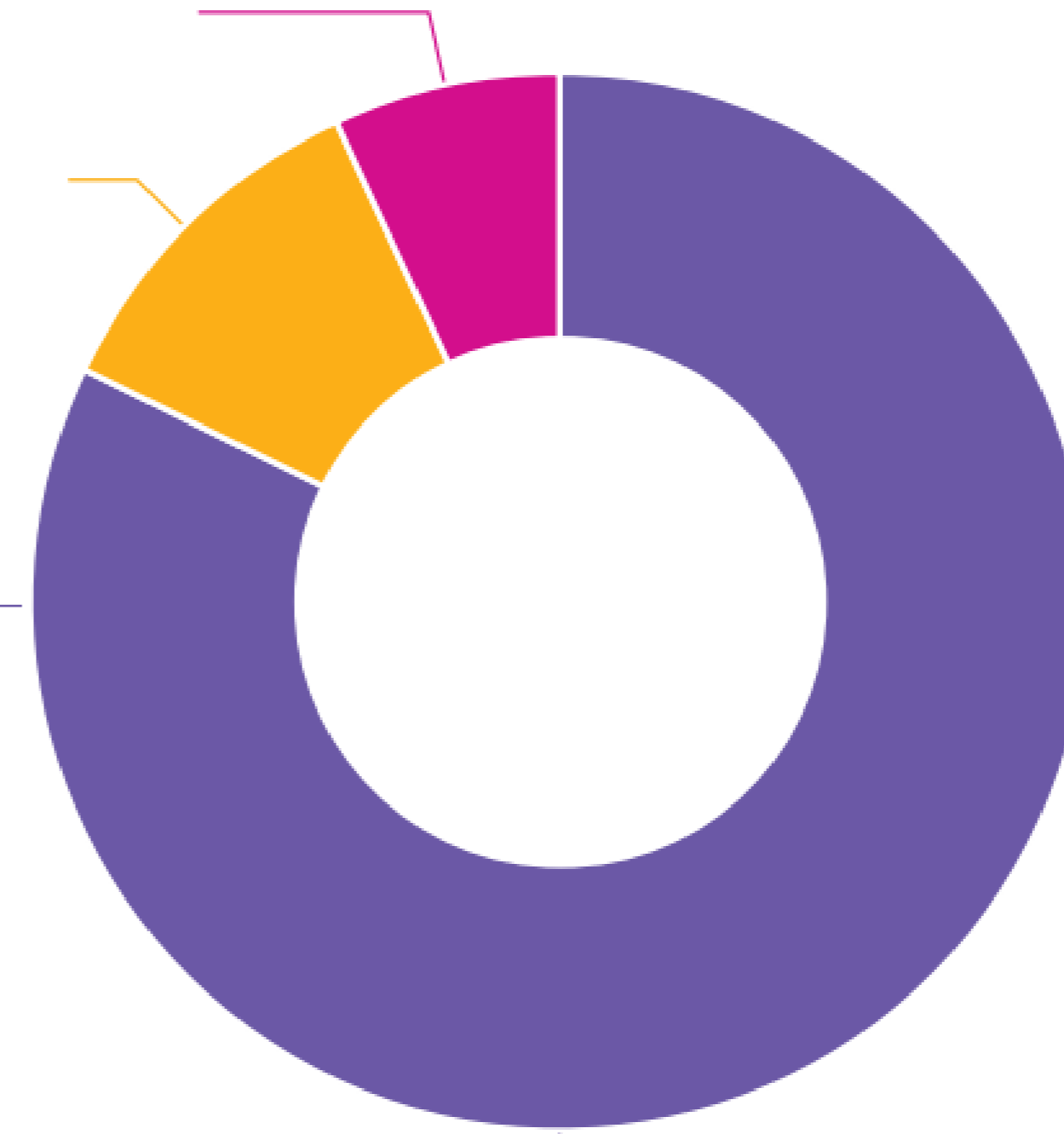
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How large is the carbon footprint of healthcare?



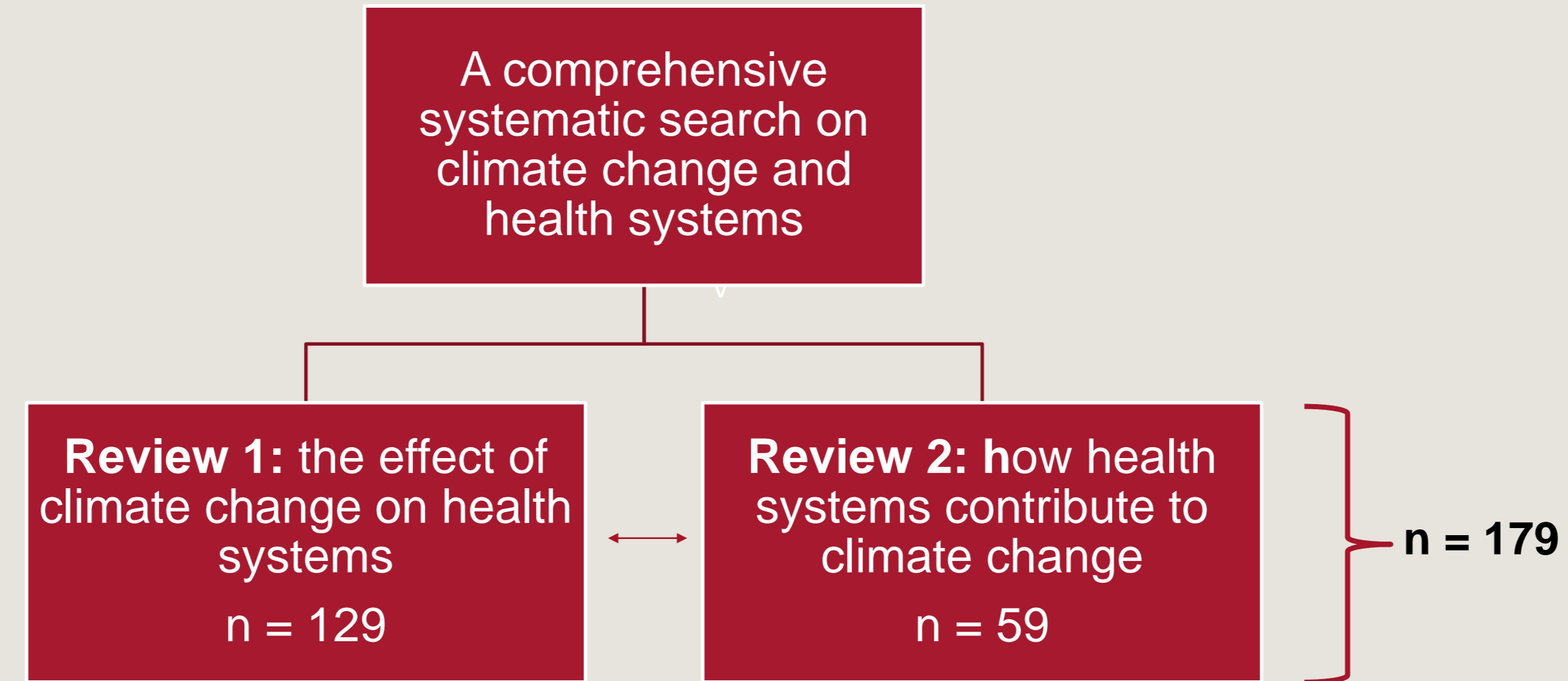
[Braithwaite et al., BMJ, 2023. Tackling climate change: the pivotal role of clinicians]

The Scopes framework



From one systematic review to two

2022



A person's hands are shown interacting with a laptop. The background is a dark blue overlay with various medical and scientific icons, including a stethoscope, a heart rate monitor, a microscope, a globe, and a hexagonal grid of icons. The text "Heal | Learn | Discover" is centered in white. The overall scene is dimly lit, with the laptop screen and the person's hands being the primary light sources.

Heal | Learn | Discover

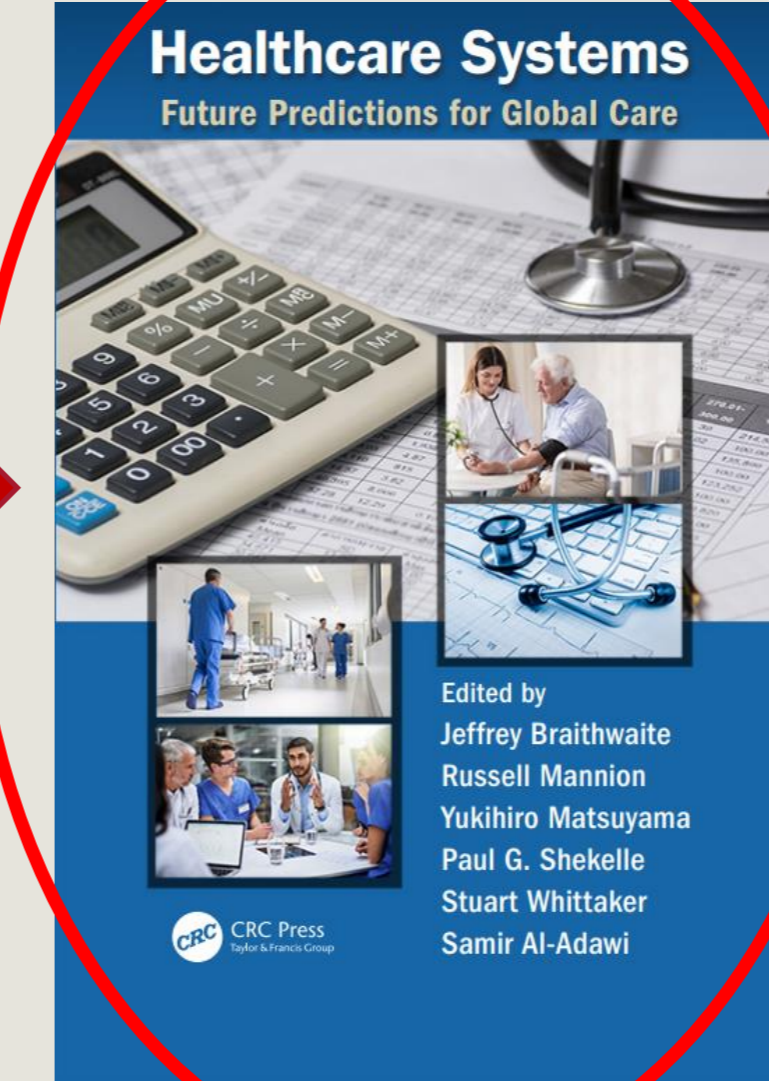
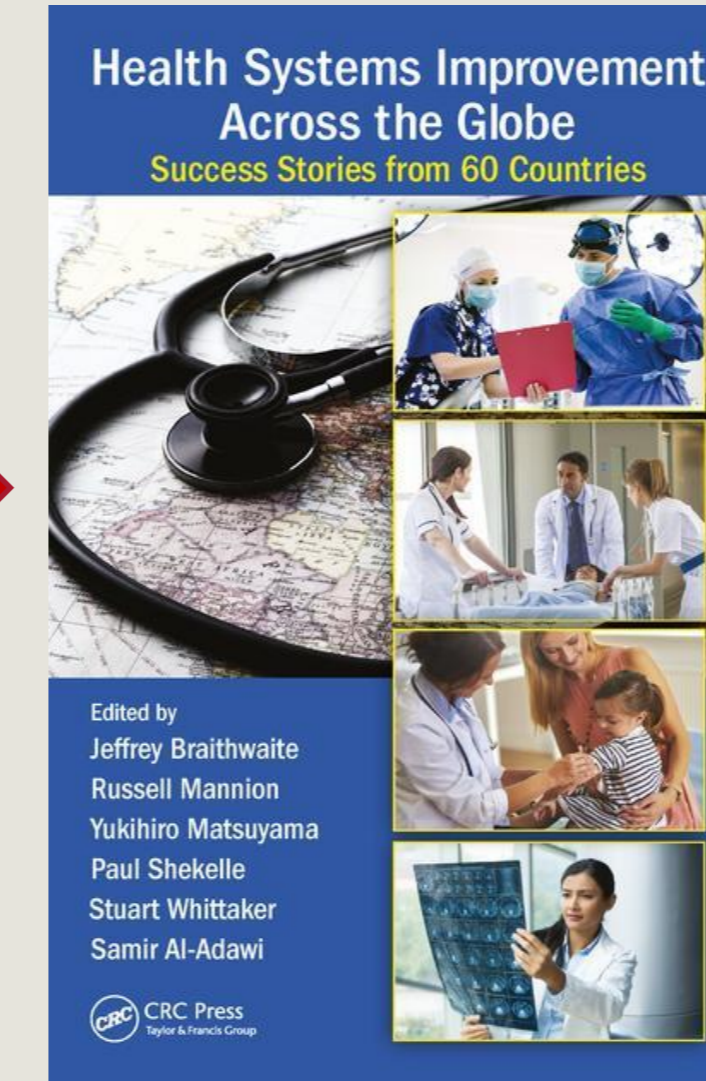
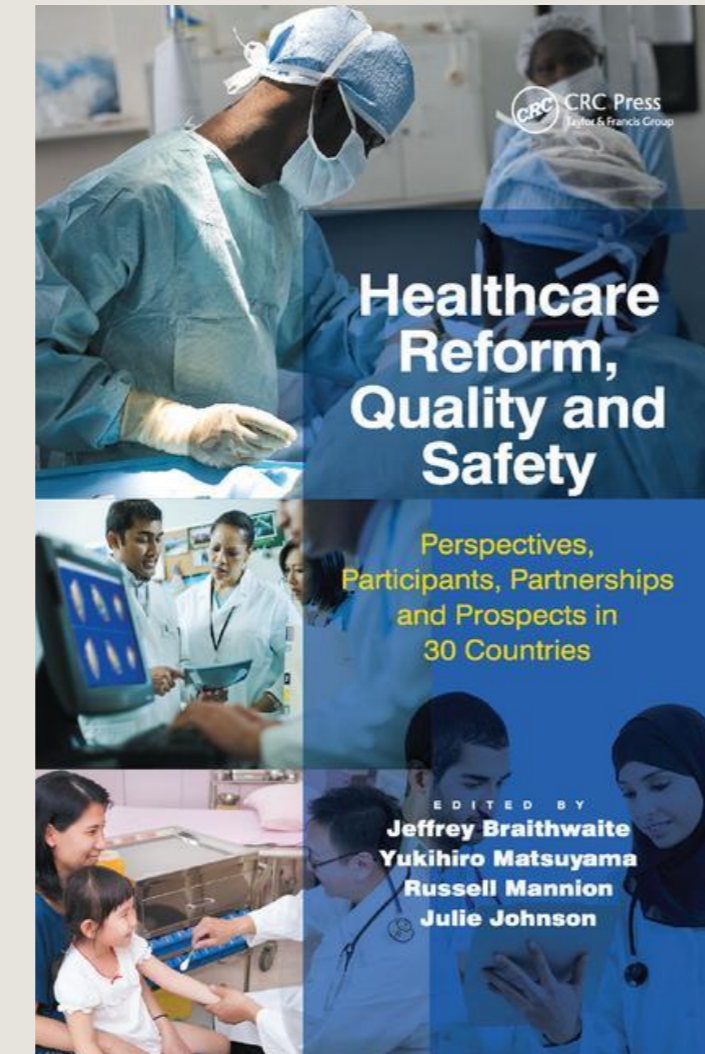


Part 2: It's not just climate change we have to fix to get to 2030

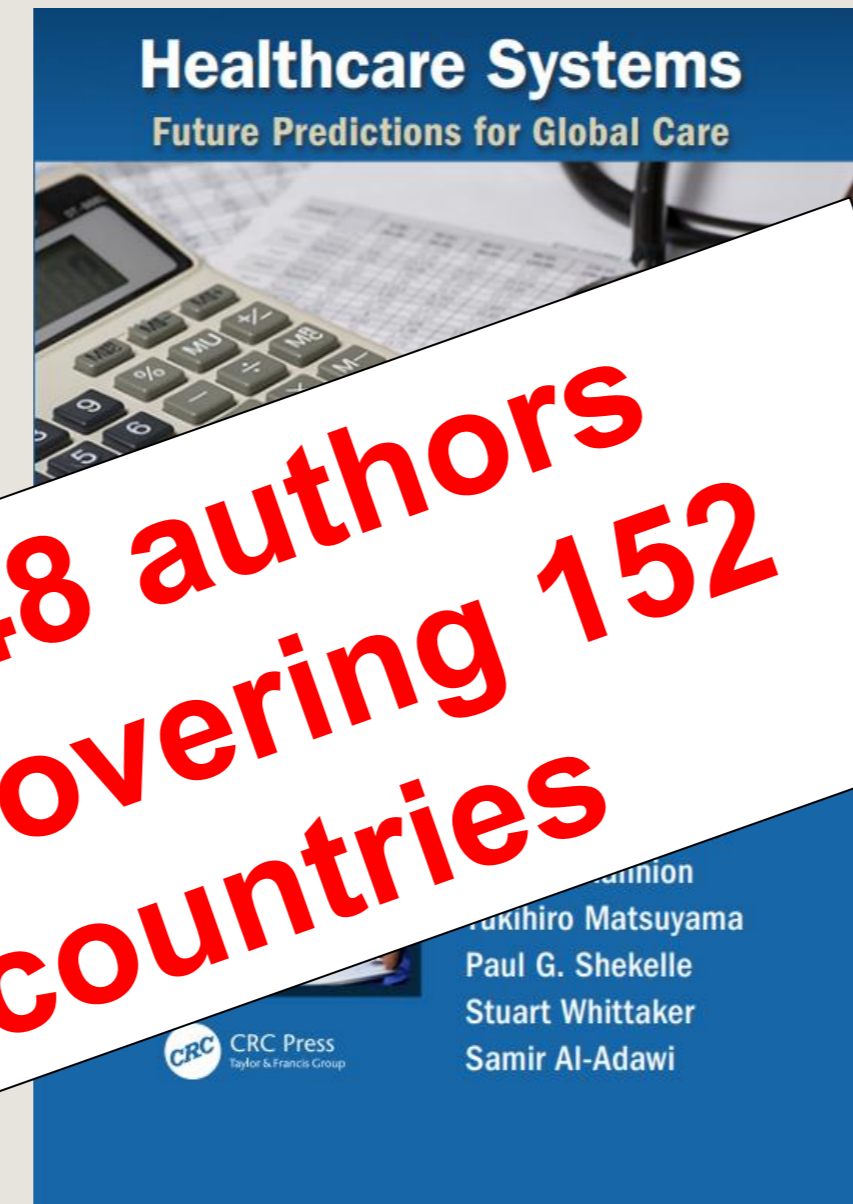
A roadmap to the future



A series on international health reform

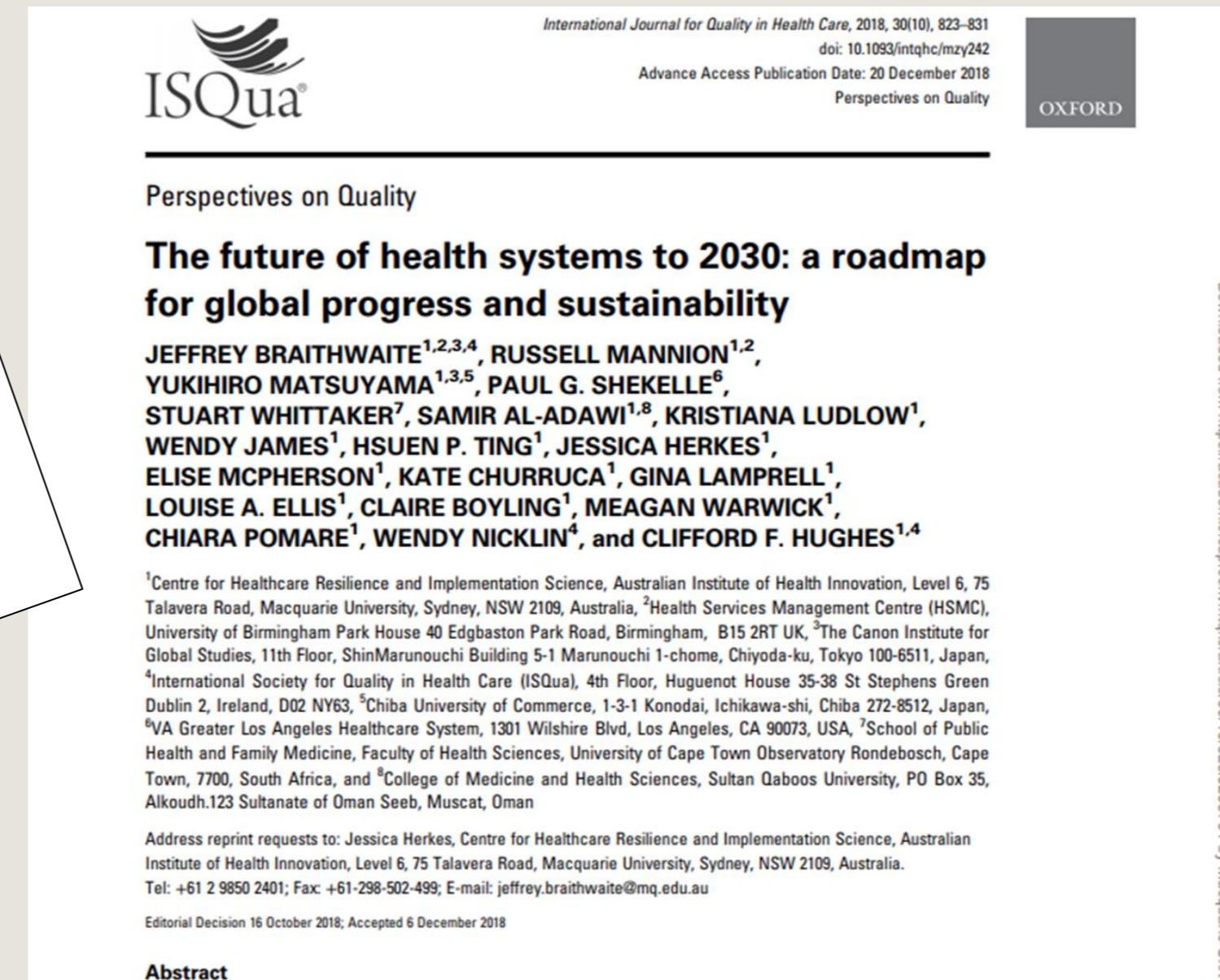


Healthcare Systems: Future Predictions for Global Care

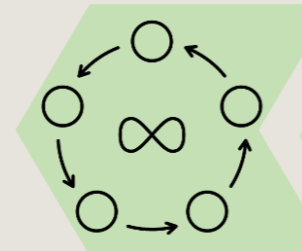


**148 authors
covering 152
countries**

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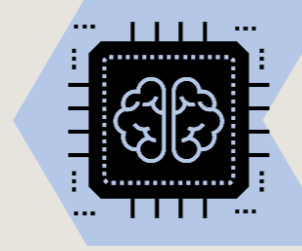
SUSTAINABILITY



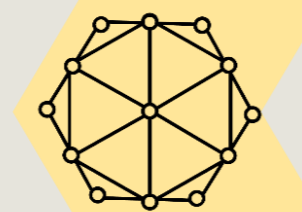
DEMOGRAPHICS



GENOMICS



**ARTIFICIAL
INTELLIGENCE**

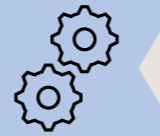
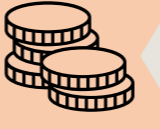




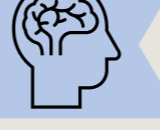
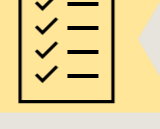



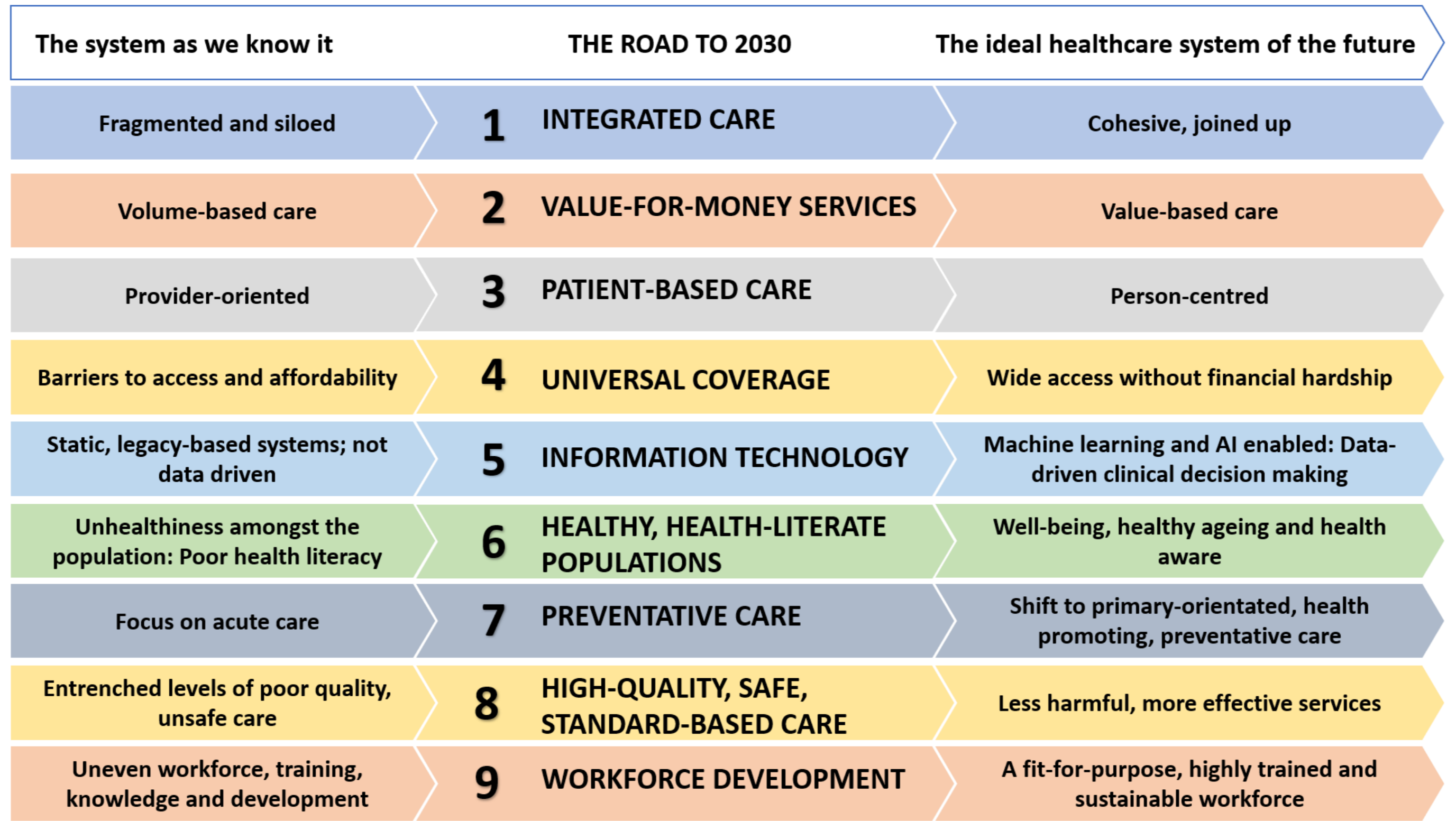
MODELS OF CARE

v **2030**

2030

[Braithwaite et al 2018]

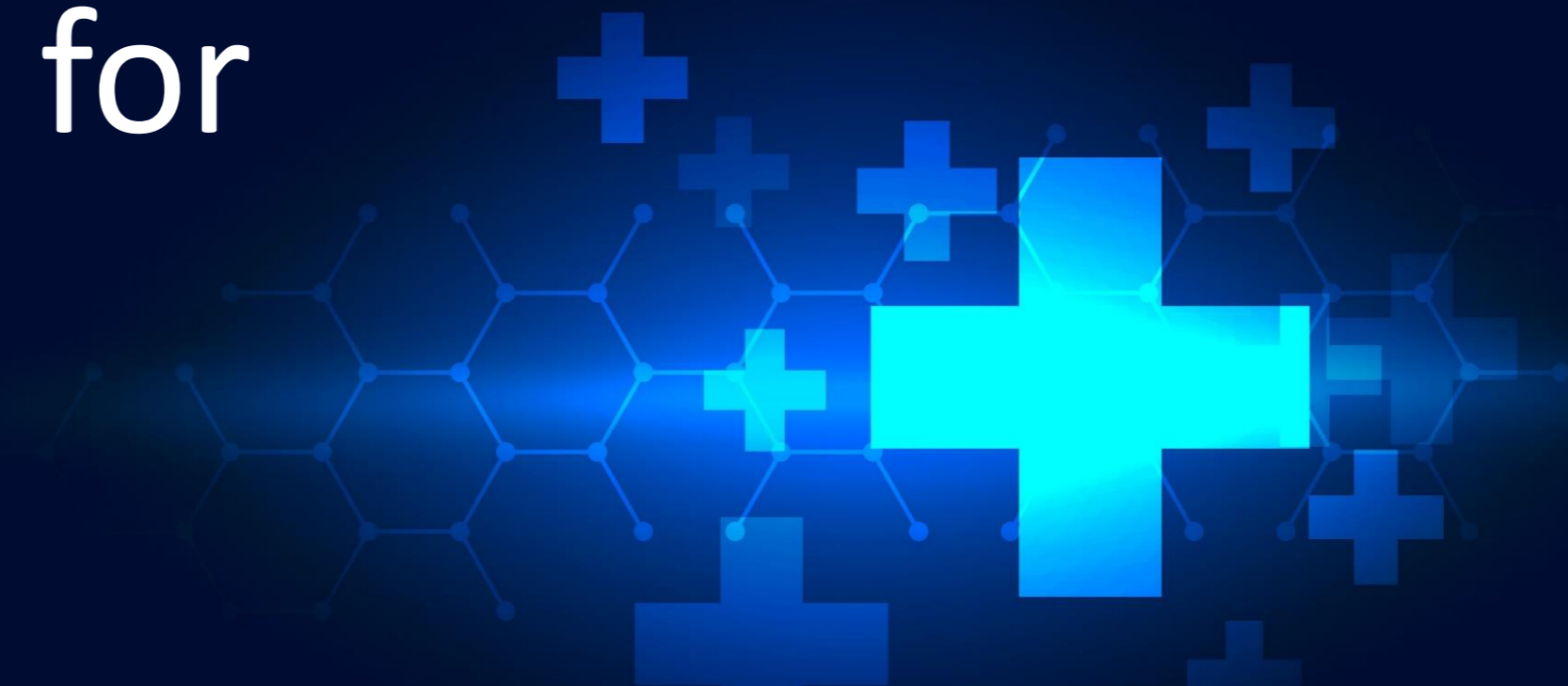
-  **INTEGRATED CARE**
-  **VALUE-FOR-MONEY SERVICES**
-  **PATIENT-BASED CARE**
-  **UNIVERSAL COVERAGE**
-  **INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY**
-  **HEALTHY, HEALTH-LITERATE POPULATIONS**
-  **PREVENTATIVE CARE**
-  **HIGH QUALITY, SAFE, STANDARD-BASED CARE**
-  **WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT**



What do I hope for
the future?

More humane
healthcare

In a sustainable
world



A top-down view of four hands, each holding a light-colored wooden puzzle piece. The hands are positioned at the corners of the frame, with their fingers gripping the edges of the puzzle pieces. The background is a plain, light color, making the hands and puzzle pieces stand out. The puzzle pieces are arranged in a way that suggests they are being brought together to form a larger picture.

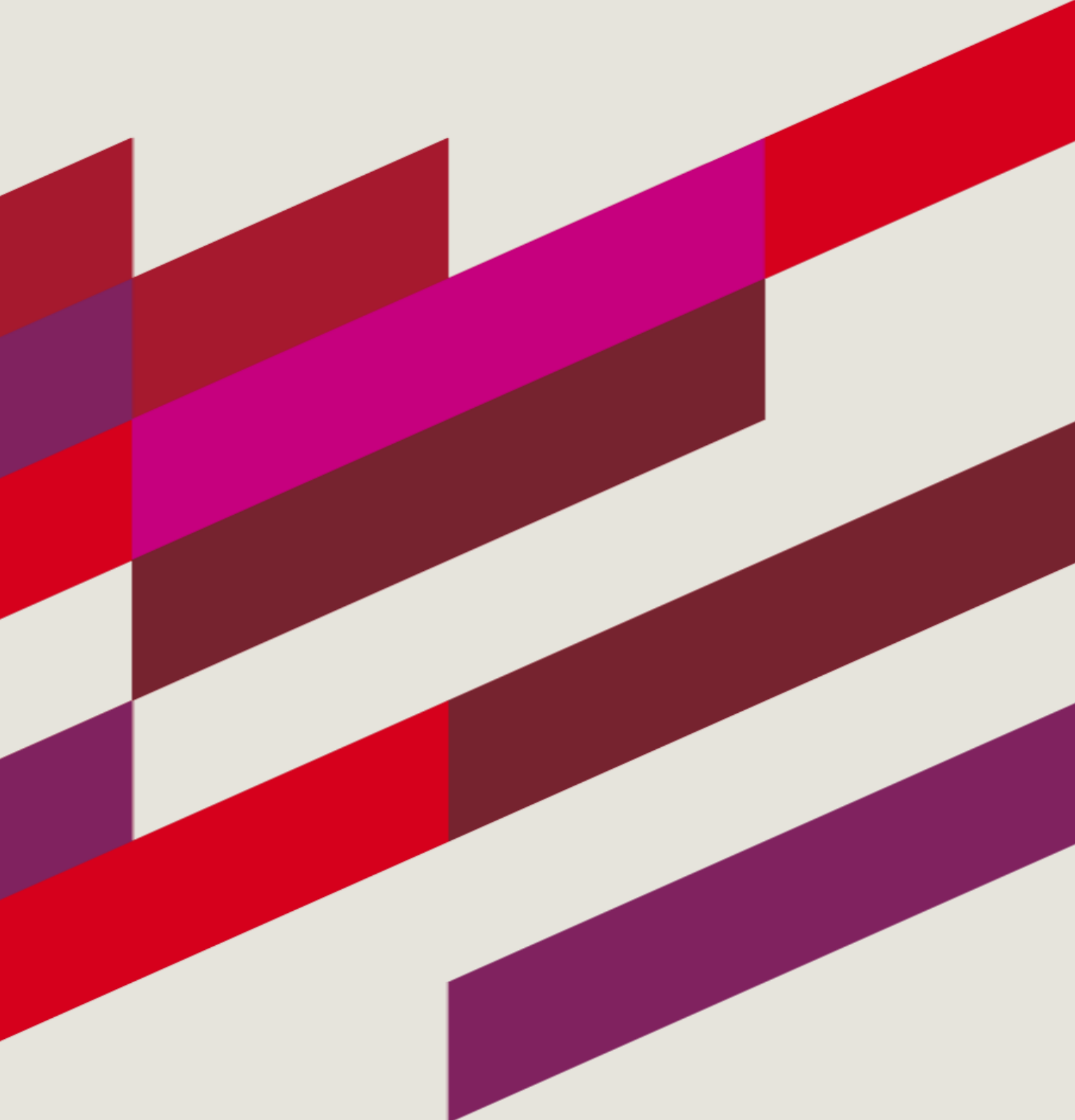
**What I've learnt over
30 years of doing
research is this:**

to get to the future ...



We need all of us

**and no one of us
is as smart as all
of us together**

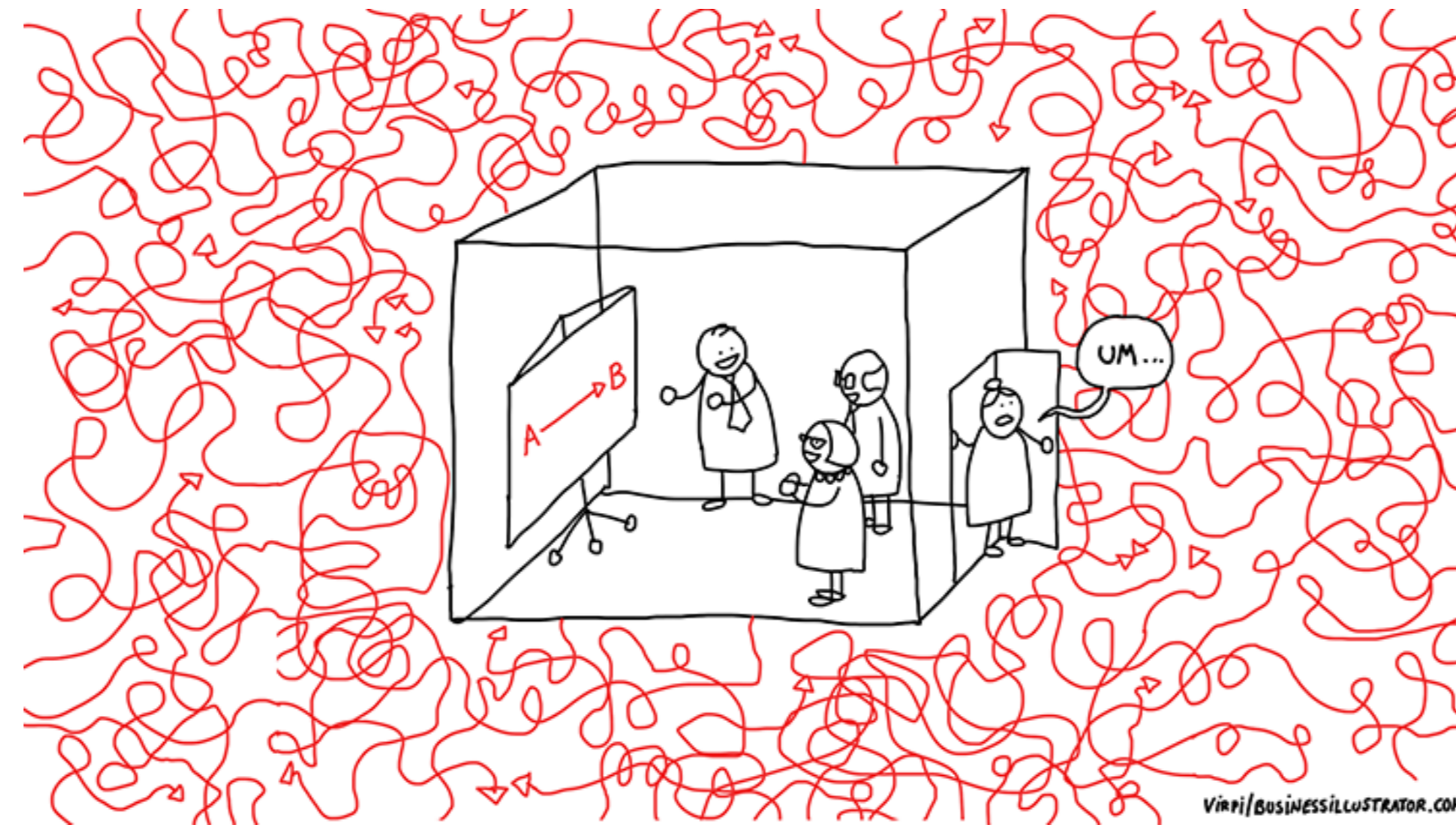


Part 3: My take on getting to the future

Five suggestions

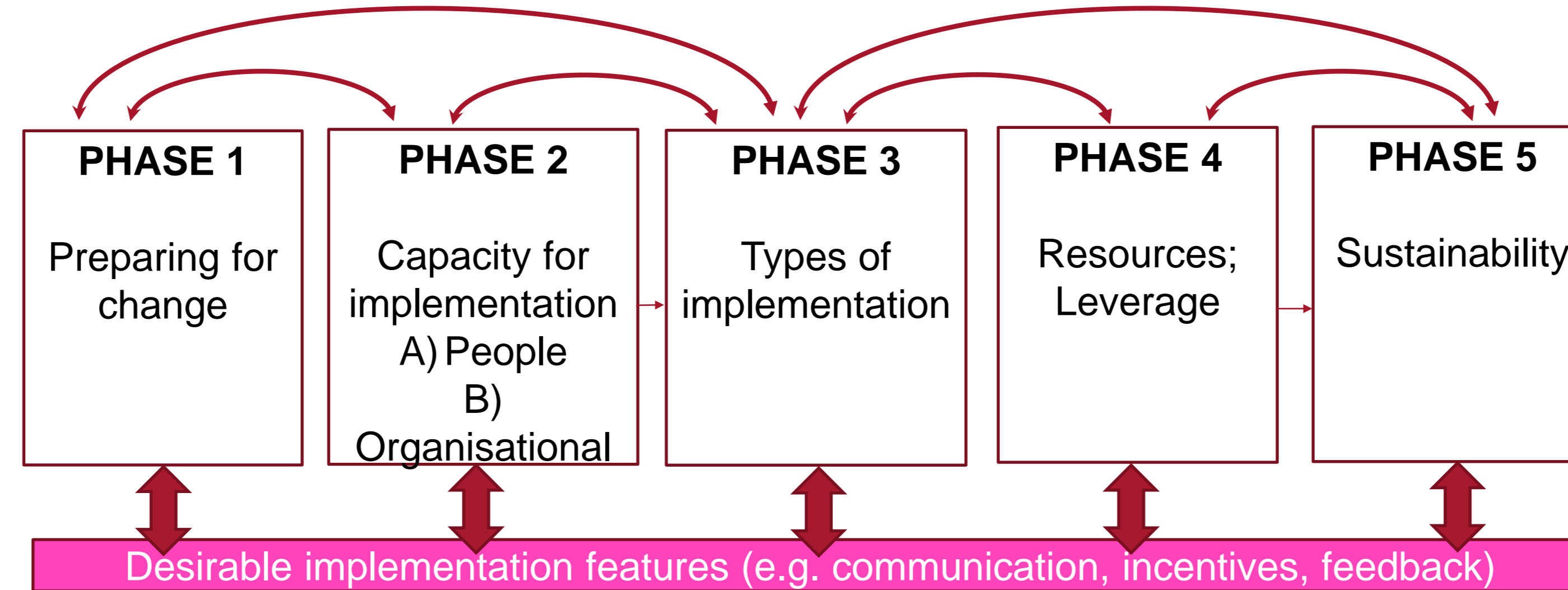


1. The inside and outside world— everyone is in their own box



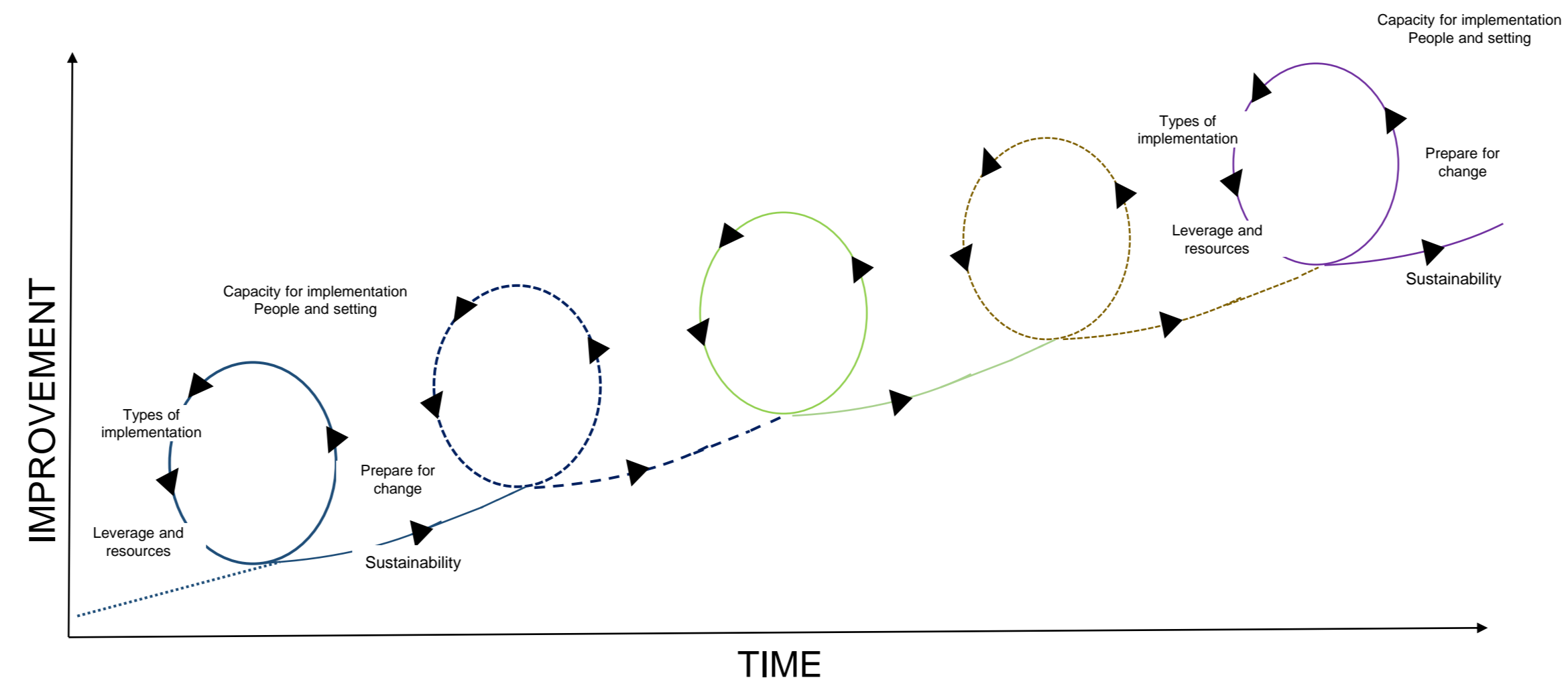
**So get out of
your box,
embrace the
complexity,
and lead your
bit of the
needed
transformation**

2. Have a plan based on implementation science



[Braithwaite J, Marks D, and Taylor N. (2014) Harnessing implementation science to improve care quality and patient safety: a systematic review of targeted literature. *International Journal for Quality in Health Care*, 26:3]

4. It's a journey, not a destination




[Adapted from Braithwaite et al. 2014. Harnessing implementation science to improve care quality and patient safety: a systematic review of targeted literature. *Int J Qual Health Car*, Braithwaite et al. 2007. An action research protocol to strengthen system-wide inter-professional learning and practice. *BMC Health Serv Res*]

5. Share your inspiring initiatives – the world is looking to Norway

**Having an
independent investigations
board providing
solutions
to improve
quality and safety in
healthcare.**

In a safe space.





Part 4: Conclusion


**Final
observations...**





**The most reliable way
to predict the future is
to create it**

- Abraham Lincoln

A detailed painting of a Viking longship, likely a Gokstad ship, with a dragon-headed prow. The ship is filled with crew members, some rowing and some standing. The sea is depicted with greenish-blue waves. The text is overlaid in white on the upper part of the image.

**So fellow Norwegians:
Let's work together to**

Create the future



Takk for at dere hørte på

Og ønsker meg velkommen
tilbake i familien!



**Discussion:
comments,
questions,
observations?**



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Sagda Osman
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Darran Foo
Mia Bierbaum

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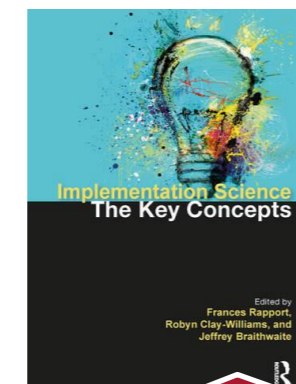
NHMRC CRE Implementation Science in Oncology

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Dr Klay Lamprell
Dr Syeda Somyyah Owais
Romika Patel
Dr Dan Luo
Mia Bierbaum
Dr Samantha Spanos

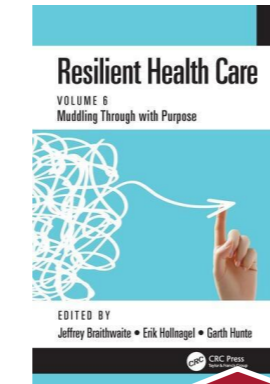
MD Program Coordination

Prof Frances Rapport

Recently published books



2022 – Transforming Healthcare with Qualitative Research



2021 – Muddling Through With Purpose



2020 – Transforming Healthcare with Qualitative Research



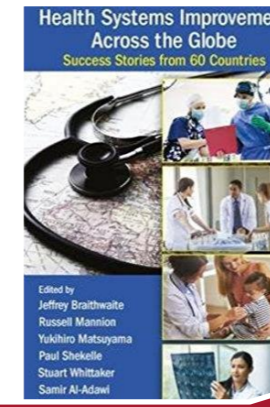
2019 – Working Across Boundaries



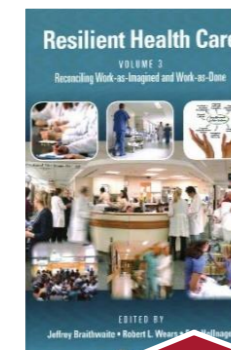
2018 – Delivering Resilient Health Care



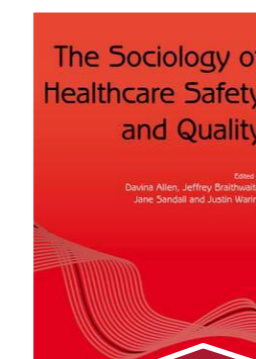
2018 – Healthcare Systems: Future Predictions for Global Care



2017 – Health Systems Improvement Across the Globe: Success Stories from 60 Countries



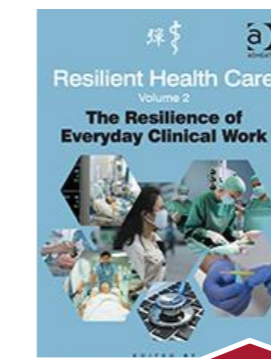
2017 – Reconciling Work-as-imagined and Work-as-done



2016 – The Sociology of Healthcare Safety and Quality



2015 – Healthcare Reform, Quality and Safety: Perspectives, Participants, Partnerships and Prospects in 30 Countries



2015 – The Resilience of Everyday Clinical Work



2013 – Resilient Health Care



2010 – Culture and Climate in Health Care Organizations

Forthcoming books



Gaps: the Surprising Truth
Hiding in the In-between



Surviving the Anthropocene



Counterintuitivity:
How your brain defies logic



Handbook on Climate Change and
Health System Sustainability

Jeffrey Braithwaite PhD

FIML, FCHSM, FFPHRCP, FAcSS, Hon FRACMA, FAHMS

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Director

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	Wikipedia:	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Jeffrey_Braithwaite